Farm Evaluation

Instructions-Overview

The practices recorded on the Farm Evaluation should correspond to the Assessor's Parcel Numbers (APNs) you have enrolled with your Coalition and reflect practices implemented during the previous year. You may subdivide a parcel into multiple fields, using Field IDs or by assigning names for each field.

For example, you might have two fields of different irrigation practices on one APN, so fields could be identified as APN# 111-00-222; field A; APN# 111-00-222, field B, etc. or any other designation used by the County Agricultural Commissioner or your own records.

If all parcels/fields listed have the same practices, fill out one (1) survey for all enrolled parcels and return. If a field with the same management practices is greater than 640 acres, more than one survey will need to be completed.

If some parcels/fields listed have <u>different practices</u>, make copies of Section 3 and fill out one (1) copy for each parcel/field with different practices.

For example, a member has 3 parcels enrolled (Parcel A, B and C) and Parcel A and B are managed the same way. Fill out Section 1 and 2 for all 3 parcels, but complete one Section 3 for Parcels A and B and another Section 3 for Parcel C to record the practices that differ from A and B.

Step by Step Instructions

The Farm Evaluation has 4 components:

Section 1: Whole Farm Evaluation

Section 2: Irrigation Well Information

Section 3: Sediment & Erosion Control Practices

Section 4: Farm Map(s)

Step 1: Section 1: Answer Questions 1-3 for all enrolled parcels by marking all applicable responses. Under Question 4, record the count of drinking water supply wells located on each of your parcels. If a parcel does not contain drinking water supply wells, record a zero in the appropriate box(es).

Step 2: Section 2: Complete the Wellhead Protection Practices table and/or Abandoned Well Practices table for all irrigation and abandoned wells on your property. Give each well a unique identifier (Well ID) and list them in the first column of the table. Complete the table by marking which Wellhead Protection Practices or Abandoned Well Practices apply to each of your wells. Mark the location of all in-use wells (irrigation and drinking water supply wells), abandoned wells, and off farm surface water discharge points on a Farm Map. Wells should be marked with the Well ID noted on the Farm Evaluation. Keep the map in your files (do not return to the Coalition). The map(s) with well identifiers must be produced if you have a Regional Water Board compliance inspection. If your land does not contain irrigation wells or abandoned wells, check the appropriate box above the Wellhead Protection Practices table and/or the Abandoned Well Practices Table.

Step 3: Section 3, Question 1: Indicate the parcels (APNs) for which this section applies. Fill in crop and irrigated acreage for each parcel/field enrolled in the Coalition. Remember to fill out a survey for each of your enrolled parcels for the reporting period. If parcels or fields differ in their practices you must make a copy of the page to report the practices for each group of parcels/fields.

Step 4: Section 3, Questions 2 and 3: For the parcels that **you identified** at the top of the page, answer questions 2 and 3. Complete a copy for each group of fields with differing management practices.

Step 5: Section 4: Complete a Farm Map(s) of your enrolled parcels (those that are included in **Step 3**) and indicate the location of in-use wells and abandoned wells (use Well IDs from **Step 2**). Mark on the map the locations of off-farm surface water discharge points. Keep the Farm Map on site for inspections.

Step 6: Once all sections have been completed, sign the bottom of <u>Section 1</u> to certify that all the information provided is current and accurate. Return the signed Farm Evaluation to the Coalition (Sections 1-3).

Section 1 – Whole Farm Evaluation

Mambar	Jamai	Coalition M	ombor	10#.
		Coalition M Application Practices: (Check all the		
1.		•	at appi	
		ounty Permit Followed		Monitor Wind Conditions
		ollow Label Restrictions		Use Appropriate Buffer Zones
		ensitive Areas Mapped		Use Vegetated Drain Ditches
		tend Trainings		Monitor Rain Forecasts
		nd of Row Shutoff When Spraying		Use PCA Recommendations
	☐ A\	oid Surface Water When Spraying		Chemigation
	□ Re	eapply Rinsate to Treated Field		No Pesticides Applied
	□ Та	arget Sensing Sprayer used		Other
		se Drift Control Agents		Other
2.	Who assi	sts with the development of your ir	rigatio	n and crop fertility plan? (Check all that apply)
	□ Ce	rtified Crop Adviser (CCA)		Certified Professional Agronomist (CPAg)
	□ Pe	st Control Adviser (PCA)		Independently Prepared by Member
		RCS Technical Service Provider (TSP)		UCCE Farm Advisor
	□ Ce	rtified Professional Soil Scientist (CPSS)		Certified Agricultural Irrigation Specialist
				Other
3.	Does you	r farm have the potential to discha	rge sed	liment to off-farm surface waters?
4.	Information Indicate the NOTE: This	our Coalition to determine if you need a control on your on-farm drinking water some number of active drinking water supp	Sedime upply v	wells located on enrolled parcels
		this box If you have no active drinking	water	wells on your property.
		Enrolled Parcel (APN)		of Drinking Water Wells
designed to a of the person to the best of	ssure that quo or persons wh my knowledg	alified personnel or represented Members proper no manage the system, or those persons directly	rly gather responsib aware the	under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry ple for gathering the information, the information submitted is, at there are significant penalties for knowingly submitting false
Pri	nted Name	Date		Signature

Section 2 – Irrigation Well and Abandoned Well Information

			map using the uniqu				
	Check this	box if you	have no irrigation	on wells on yo	ur parcel(s).	
	Wellhead Protection Practices						
Well ID (A unique name of your choice)	Ground Sloped Away from Wellhead	Standing water avoided around wellhead	Good Housekeeping Practices*	Air Gap (for non- pressurized systems)	Backflow Preventive / Check Valve	Cement Pad	
Abandoned W provided Farm N abandoned (wri	ells : Create a u Map(s) or your te "UNK" if the	ınique Well IC own farm ma year is unkno	o for each abandoned p using the unique Wown; approximation is	well. Mark the lo	cation of your e year the wel	l was	
with an "X" und			f vou bava pa ab	and anad wall	c on vour	arcal(a)	
	☐ Check	this box ii	f you have no ab	andoned well Well Practices	s on your p	arcei(s)	
Well ID (A unique name your choice)	of If aban	doned, year	Destroyed –	Destroyed by licensed	Dest	royed -	

Comments: _

Section 3 – Sediment & Erosion Control Practices

Mem	ber Name:			Coalition Member ID#:				
	1. Identify the	Parcels and Fields th	nis section appli	es to. Indicate	n the first column	if the parcel is		
	part of a Surf	face Water or Grour	dwater Quality	Management P	lan. Enter the nu	mber of crop and		
	irrigated acre	es for each parcel. <u>F</u>	ill out a separate	e Section 3 for	each group of par	cels/fields with		
	<u>different pra</u>	ctices.						
	Management			_	_			
	Plan	Parcel (APN)	Field ID	Acres	Crop			
						_		
						_		
	П					_		
	2. Irrigation F	Practices for Man	aging Sedime	nt and Erosic	on (Check all th	- at apply)		
	'	are used to increase in	-		•			
		n pesticide application						
	runoff of pesticid		is and the next in	igation is length.	erred do maem do pe	, solute to initigate		
	Shorter irrigation	runs are used with ch	necks to manage a	and capture flow	S.			
	PAM (polyacrylar	mide) used in furrow a	and flood irrigated	l fields to help bi	nd sediment and in	crease infiltration.		
	Use drip or micro	o-irrigation to eliminat	e irrigation draina	ige.				
	Use of flow dissip	oaters to minimize ero	sion at discharge	point.				
	Tailwater Return System.							
	Catchment Basin.							
	No irrigation drai	inage due to field or so	oil conditions.					
		actices for Mana		t and Erosior	(Check all that	t apply)		
		Storm water is captured using field borders.						
	Vegetated ditche some forms of ni	es are used to remove trogen.	sediment as well	as water soluble	pesticides, phosph	ate fertilizers and		
	Vegetative filter	strips and buffers are	used to capture fl	ows.				
	Sediment basins / holding ponds are used to settle out sediment and hydrophobic pesticides such as pyrethroids from irrigation and storm runoff.							
	Cover crops or na	ative vegetation are us	sed to reduce ero	sion.				
	Hedgerows or trees are used to help stabilize soils and trap sediment movement.							
	Soil water penetration has been increased through the use of amendments, deep ripping and/or aeration.							
	Crop rows are gra	aded, directed and at	a length that will	optimize the use	of rain and irrigation	on water.		
		stream banks have be						
	• •	ines are used to chanr						
		ructed at low ends of f	•	unoff and trap se	ediment.			
	_	incorporated to minin						
		n surrounding terrain						
		ge due to field or soil o	conditions.					
	Other:							

Member Name:	Coalition Member ID#:	
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Section 4 – Farm Map

(Keep Onsite- For Inspection Purposes Only)

date map with well locations and	d surface water discharge points.	
		Legend X – In Use Well Locations A – Known Abandoned Well Locations DP – Off Farm Surface Water Discharge Points
	Agate map with well locations and	edate map with well locations and surface water discharge points.

A Farm Map must be kept on farm for inspection purposes. The map must contain your parcels enrolled in the Coalition, well locations (all in use wells and abandoned wells) and surface water discharge points.